Doubly Sparse (DS-Softmax): Sparse Mixture of Sparse Experts for Efficient Softmax Inference

Shun Liao^{*1}, Ting Chen^{*2}, Tian Lin², Denny Zhou², Chong Wang³

1. University of Toronto 2. Google 3. ByteDance



Google

ByteDance

EMC2 Workshop @ NeurIPS 2019

Softmax Inference Problem

- Softmax Inference: $argmax_c \frac{\exp(W_c h)}{Z}$, where $z = \sum_i^N \exp(W_i h)$
- Linear Complexity: O(N), depends on number of output classes
- Softmax as computional **Bottleneck** example:
 - Dataset: Wiki-2, Number of Words = 33k
 - Model: Two layers RNN, hidden size = 200
 - Softmax Computation counts more than 98%
- Common in Real Applications: The set of th
- Traditional solutions
 - Treat it as Maximum Inner Product Search (MIPS) in learned Softmax
 - Drawback: they suffer the accuracy-speedup trade-off
 - Example: Fast Graph Decoder¹ achieves only ~ 2x in high accuracy



1. Zhang, M., Wang, W., Liu, X., Gao, J., & He, Y. (2018). Navigating with graph representations for fast and scalable decoding of neural language models. In Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems (pp. 6308-6319).

Doubly Sparse (DS-) Softmax

DS-Softmax: A **learning-based** model which adapts Softmax embedding into **hierarchical** structure for a better trade-off.

Implementation: A mixture of expert model where only the expert with highest mixture/gating value is activated

- Initialization: each expert contains full output space
- Training: iteratively pruning that each expert finally contains a subset of output classes. Then fast search can be achieved





Result – Synthetic Dataset

Dataset: two-level hierarchy

- Generation:
 - Sample super classes
 - Sample sub around super
 - Sample training points
- Super class label is hidden
- Two sizes: 100 classes (10 x 10) and 10, 000 (100 x 100)
- DS-Softmax can fully capture the synthetic hierarchy





Result – Real Dataset

DS-Softmax achieves significant speedup in three tasks and four dataset without loss of performance for theorem and real device

- Number of classes: 10000, 33278, 7709, 3740
- Even boost language modelling performance
- In Wiki-2, number of words = 33,278
 - 23x Theoretical Reduction
 - 20x Real Device Reduction

Task	Full		SVD-10			D-Softmax			DS-64 (Ours)		
	Value	ms	Value	FLOPs	ms	Value	FLOPs	ms	Value	FLOPs	ms
PTB	0.252	0.73	0.251	5.00×	0.18	0.245	$2.00 \times$	0.36	0.258	15.99×	0.05
Wiki-2	0.257	3.07	0.255	$5.38 \times$	0.60	0.256	$2.00 \times$	1.59	0.259	23.86 ×	0.15
En-Ve	25.2	1.91	25.1	$5.06 \times$	0.42	24.8	$2.00 \times$	0.98	25.0	15.08 ×	0.13
CASIA	90.6	1.61	90.2	$2.61 \times$	0.68	-	-	-	90.1	6.91 ×	0.25



Result – Interpretation

Higher frequency words appear in more experts.

- Similar in topic model¹
- High frequency words requires more expressive models²



The smallest expert in PTB, where 64 words left

• Time is Money !!!



• million, billion, trillion, earnings, share, rate, stake, bond, cents, bid, cash, fine, payable

Time

• years, while, since, before, early, late, yesterday, annual, currently, monthly, annually, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday

Comparison

• up, down, under, above, below, next, though, against, during, within, including, range, higher, lower, drop, rise, growth, increase, less, compared, unchanged



- 1. Blei, D. M., Ng, A. Y., & Jordan, M. I. (2003). Latent dirichlet allocation. Journal of machine Learning research.
- 2. Grave, E., Joulin, A., Cissé, M., & Jégou, H. (2017, August). Efficient softmax approximation for GPUs. ICML